



News release

Insurance Council
of Australia

Friday, 14 March 2025

EOIs for interstate trades opens to support ex-TC Alfred recovery

The Insurance Council of Australia (ICA) has today released a new Expression of Interest (EOI) form to encourage interstate tradespeople to assist with recovery and rebuilding efforts following ex-Tropical Cyclone Alfred.

The initiative is aimed at connecting skilled tradespeople from across the country with insurers and their builders responding to impacted customers across south-east Queensland and northern New South Wales.

Trades such as electricians, builders, plasterers and roofers from interstate and New Zealand are encouraged to apply.

Applicants will be requested to provide details of their expertise and availability before their details are made available to insurers.

The ICA is also engaging with Queensland authorities on Automatic Mutual Recognition of qualifications to ensure the rapid on-boarding of interstate and trans-Tasman surge workers when Queenslanders are most in need.

The success of the EOI initiative will be evaluated in three months' time.

Those interested in submitting an EOI can do so via the portal on the ICA's website at www.insurancecouncil.com.au/TradesEOI

The total claim count now sits above 53,000, and insurers are working hard to get people back in their homes and kickstart their recovery. More detailed claims data can be found in this table below:

State	Home	Motor	Commercial	Total
New South Wales	3,500	225	231	3,956
Queensland	45,121	2,090	2,015	49,226
Grand Total	48,621	2,315	2,246	53,182

Quote attributable to Andrew Hall, CEO, Insurance Council of Australia:

While insurers are progressing claims made following ex-TC Alfred and have stood up their own resources, this trial EOI initiative can provide insurers with additional resources should they be required.

It allows interstate tradespeople with the right expertise and availability to not only secure work but contribute towards the community's ongoing recovery.

Importantly, trialling this initiative now provides the industry with a template for future, larger events when interstate surge workforces may be required.

We encourage all qualified builders and tradespeople to express their interest to help communities recover as quickly as possible.

Updated FAQs follow this media release

Frequently Asked Questions

Lines below can be used by media and attributed to a spokesperson from the ICA:

What have insurers done in response to this weather event?

Insurers pre-emptively contacted more than a quarter of a million customers across south-east Queensland and northern New South Wales with safety and preparedness tips and how to lodge a claim as quickly as possible. Insurers added hundreds of additional claims consultants, engaged round-the-clock major event response teams during the active phase of the event, pre-reserved temporary accommodation for impacted customers, and secured a strong network of builder and supplier capacity in potentially impacted areas.

Insurers are on the ground assisting customers across the impacted zones, with boots on the ground in Coffs Harbour, Lismore, Ballina and Tweed Heads in New South Wales, and across Redlands, Hervey Bay, Logan, Brisbane and the Gold Coast in Queensland.

Insurers having already paid almost \$2.4 million in emergency cash payments to almost 6,000 impacted policyholders, generally for items such as food spoilage and temporary accommodation.

How does the EOI application work?

In the aftermath of ex-TC Alfred, demand for tradespeople located in southeast Queensland and northern New South Wales to assist with recovery efforts may exceed supply, which would result in delays in recovery and rebuild efforts.

To assist, the Insurance Council has developed an expressions of interest form that aims to connect skilled tradespeople with insurers seeking additional support to assist customers impacted by ex-Tropical Cyclone Alfred.

Tradespeople can register their interest and provide details of their expertise and availability through the EOI Trades Form, which will be accessible to insurers who are members of the Insurance Council. Applicants will be contacted by insurers directly if their services are required.

How should policyholders approach the clean-up process?

If you've been given the go-ahead to return to your property, you can clean up if it's safe to do so but check out these tips first.

- Remain mindful of safety
- Before you start your cleanup, document the damage with photos and videos to support an insurance claim.
- Take photos before removing any water damaged or soaked items weather event, there may be instances where during a catastrophic event (as declared by the ICA on Sunday 9 that may pose a health risk.
- Make a list of damaged items, including the brand, model and serial number if you can.
- Don't throw away items that could be repaired unless they pose a health risk.
- Speak to your insurer before you attempt or authorise any building work, including emergency repairs, and ask for the insurer's permission in writing, as unauthorised work may not be covered by your policy.

How much will the total damage bill for TC Alfred amount to?

It is currently too early to tell the impact that TC Alfred will have and what the total damage bill will be.

The last cyclone to cause significant damage in Australia, Tropical Cyclone Jasper (2023), cost \$409 million from around 10,500 claims.

The costliest cyclone to hit Australia remains Cyclone Tracy (1974), which normalised to 2023 values would incur \$7.4 billion in claims.

The floods of early 2022 remain the costliest insured event in Australia's history with \$6.4 billion in insured losses across more than 245,000 claims.

Is cyclone damage typically covered under standard home and contents policies?

Most standard home and contents policies in Australia will cover damage caused by cyclones but this is something customers should clarify with their own insurer or by reading their product disclosure statement. However, some customers may have opted out of flood cover. Customers are encouraged to contact their insurer if they want to better understand what they are covered for.

Who are 'disaster chasers'?

'Disaster chasers' typically present themselves in a disaster impacted area shortly after an event occurs but can also appear months later. They may door knock neighbourhoods, claiming to have identified damage at your property or premises, or in some very bold cases they may claim that they are here at the behest of your insurance company.

Disaster chasers might do the following:

1. Claim to be able to identify damage to your property that you were unaware of, sometimes by way of a free inspection
2. Ask for money up front
3. Promise to get the repairs done in a short amount of time
4. Promise to get the repairs done for an amount that is far below legitimate competitors' bids
5. Not have insurance or necessary licenses
6. Ask you to sign a contract, on the spot
7. Claim that they will be able to get your insurer to pay more for an insurance claim than you could manage yourself

Top tips for identifying or dealing with a disaster chaser:

1. Insurers will not send a tradesperson or builder to your property or premises without notifying you and providing you with details.
2. Speak to your insurer before agreeing to any repairs or rebuilding work to make sure your insurer will cover it.
3. If in doubt, ask for identification such as a builder's licence or driver's licence, and ring your insurer to check.
4. Don't sign contracts with a disaster chaser if they door knock.
5. If you have signed a contract, there is a cooling -off period, your insurer can help you end the relationship with the disaster chaser.

If in doubt, report any suspicious activity to government authorities or police.

How many homes/businesses are at risk of flood?

Floods pose a critical threat to Australia. Around 1.36 million properties across the country face some risk of flooding, and it is estimated that half of these properties fall short of the flood resilience measures of modern planning and building standards. Around 298,000 of these properties –

approximately 225,000 homes and 73,000 businesses – face at least a two or five per cent chance of flooding each year. 91,000 of these are in Queensland.

There is a clear correlation between high flood exposure and low socioeconomic status. Analysis of the 2024 National Flood Information Database (NFID) indicates that approximately 70 per cent of households exposed to the highest flood risk are in areas where the median income is below the national median (\$92,000), and around 35 per cent of these households are in areas where the median income is below the poverty line (\$58,000).

Of the estimated 225,000 homes in the highest flood risk locations across the country, only around 23 per cent have flood cover, compared to an estimated 60 per cent nationwide.

In February 2025, the Insurance Council released its [Federal Election Platform](#) which included a call for a Flood Defence Fund at a cost of \$30.15 billion over ten years, shared by the Federal Government and the state governments of Queensland, New South Wales and Victoria, which would:

- Deliver new critical flood defence infrastructure (\$15 billion)
- Strengthen properties in harm's way (\$5 billion)
- Managed relocation (buy-backs) (\$10 billion)
- Future-proof existing flood mitigation infrastructure (\$150 million)

Some locations have been hit by flooding/high premiums which aren't on the ICA's Flood Defence Fund list (identified above), are those areas not deserving of government support?

The National Flood Defence Fund targets the locations with the highest flood risk nationally, when our population is particularly concentrated and where we know insurance affordability is a challenge. The proposed fund currently targets the majority of flood catchments that have been affected by Ex Cyclone Alfred, including Maroochy, Brisbane, Longan-Albert, South Coast (Gold Coast), Condamine-Culgo, Tweed, Clarence and Richmond

Of course, risk changes overtime, which is why the flood defence infrastructure pipeline should be annually reviewed against key criteria including evolving flood risk, population growth, maintenance of flood infrastructure and the establishment of household resilience programs. It also sits alongside existing government grant and resilience programs which target areas outside of the Flood Defence Fund.

Will insurance premiums increase as a result of TC Alfred?

It is too early to predict what impact it will have on premiums. However, the frequency and severity of natural disasters has increased in recent years and populations have grown in areas more prone to extreme weather risk, and this is contributing to higher premiums. Insurers have been calling on governments to invest more in resilience and mitigation to protect the many Australians who are living in harm's way and improve insurance affordability and availability – as outlined by our call for a Flood Defence Fund in our Federal Election Platform released in February.

How much of a premium goes to the state government in tax?

In every state and territory in the country (except the ACT), governments not only collect GST on a premium, but state governments also collect stamp duty, meaning policyholders are double-taxed. This is exacerbated in NSW where policyholders pay an additional tax in the Emergency Services Levy. In the last financial year, state governments collected almost \$8.6 billion in taxes on insurance premiums, with ESL alone totalling more than \$1.5 billion.

The ICA has long been advocating for tax reform to help lower premiums. If state governments abolished stamp duty, premiums across the country could be reduced by nine to 30 per cent immediately.

What does it mean when the ICA officially declares an Insurance Catastrophe (CAT)?

The ICA's catastrophe declaration serves to escalate and prioritise the insurance industry's response for affected policyholders. This will activate special services and support for homeowners and businesses within the official declaration zone.

Under the Catastrophe declaration:

- Claims from affected policyholders will be given priority by insurers.
- Claims will be triaged to direct urgent assistance to the worst-affected property owners.
- ICA representatives will be mobilised to work with local agencies and services and affected policyholders as soon as emergency services say it is safe to do so.
- Insurers will mobilise disaster response specialists to assist affected customers with claims and assessments as soon as emergency services say it is safe to.
- An industry taskforce has been established to identify and address issues arising from this catastrophe.